

# THE CATALANIAN.

VOL. XXIII.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1905.

NO. 25.

## THOSE WHO WORE THE GRAY

### Great Gathering of the Heroes of the "Lost Cause" in Louisville, Kentucky.

#### WERE TENDERED ROYAL RECEPTION

The Kentucky City Decorated to an Extent Never Before Known, Is Prepared to Extend Hospitality to All the Old Soldiers Who Come.

Louisville, Ky., Special.—Louisville, decorated to an extent hitherto unknown and smiled on by typical summer weather, extended the hands of hospitality to a never-ending stream of arriving veterans who have come to Kentucky to attend the fifteenth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans. In every hotel and at almost every corner in the business section of the city the men wearing the gray are to be found.

Among the prominent ex-Confederates here now are General Stephen D. Lee, commander-in-chief; General Joe Wheeler, General Andrew J. West, of Atlanta, commanding the North Georgia Brigade, who came in at the head of a large delegation of Georgians; Lieutenant General C. Irvine Walker, of South Carolina; General Simon Bolivar Buckner, General William E. Mickle, of New Orleans, adjutant general and chief of staff; Chaplain General Wm. Jones, of Richmond, and General Clement A. Evans, of Atlanta, the chairman of the history committee and the Battle Abbey.

The Virginia and Maryland delegates came in, and some of the great army of Texans arrived during the afternoon. The Tennesseans began arriving in force Tuesday evening, followed closely by a detachment of the Arkansas regiments. Much regret has been expressed over the receipt of a letter from Judge Emory Speer, of Macon, Ga., announcing his inability to be present. It had been expected that Judge Speer would address the oration of the brigade, of which he is a member.

Gen. W. E. Mickle, adjutant general and chief of staff, has completed his annual report, which is highly interesting. It says: "It is a source of sincere pleasure to me that I am able to report that the detachment of the brigade of the year has been resting on the battlefield for a number of years has been paid in full. That this matter has been liquidated is due to the extraordinary efforts put forth by you, and while the urgent appeal made by you to the wealthiest members of the times, and sent to nearly three hundred people and should have had most generous responses, the amount realized was barely sufficient to wipe out the debt. This lukewarmness on the part of those who were in a position to respond most liberally is a sad commentary on the degeneracy of the times, and displays a deplorable lack of interest by men who were once so ready to share the dangers and deprivations that rendered the Confederate armies famous throughout the world."

"There has been carried on the roster of the order for a number of years many camps who had made no payment of any kind since they were chartered; some of these were really never in existence, having died a-borning." After conferring with the adjutant general of the various divisions, these camps have been put on the "dormant list," and no mail matter will, for the present, be sent them. This means an annual saving to the order. There are still on the roster a number of camps who do not contribute to the finances of the order, but make returns of any kind, or manifest the least interest in the federation. As soon as definite information can be secured regarding them they will be added to the "dormant list."

"I am proud to be able to report that no period in the history of the federation have the camps paid their dues with more promptness or in

greater number. At the Nashville meeting only about 46 2-3 per cent of the camps while at the present time 47 3-4 per cent of them are 'all present' and accounted for." The field from which new camps are to be gathered is limited, and the material is rapidly diminishing by the erosion of time. Yet there are those who once were units of our great armies who desire to associate themselves together and connect themselves with our 'social, literary, historical and benevolent' order. Since our reunion in Nashville last June, 18 new camps have been chartered, making the total on the roster at the present time 1,583.

For the year 1903 the cash receipts from all sources amounted to \$7,035, while for the year 1904 the amount was \$7,812. When it is borne in mind that the sources from which this income is derived is greatly reduced each year, this gain is the more marked. The disbursements for the year were \$7,329.

"The death rate among our associates has been exceptionally heavy during the past year, owing to the advanced age of the men and the unusually severe winter. From all sections come greatly increased military reports, to which must be added the names of some of our most distinguished and zealous leaders:

"George G. Vest, Matthew W. Ransom, John H. Reagan, Wm. B. Rife, Jno. H. Horner, Cullen A. Bates, Fitzhugh Lee, Thomas J. Churchill, and our beloved Mildred Lee, all of whom in a way added lustre to our dear Southland and contributed to its greatness and renown."

The reunion was officially opened Wednesday morning after the noon hour, when General Bennett H. Young, commander of the Kentucky division, called the assembling mass of humanity in the Horse Show building to order and introduced the chaplain general, Rev. Dr. J. William Jones, of Richmond, Va. Dr. Jones in his invocation prayed that the blessing of the Almighty God may rest upon the President of these United States, and "that he may be enabled to be the President of this whole country and every section."

A few moments later, Governor J. C. W. Beckham, in speaking Kentucky's welcome to the old men in gray said: "It is fitting that you should meet here, on the borderland of the great struggle, where we were so torn asunder. The great contest has been settled for all times. Peace has her victories as well as war."

"It is now gratifying to us all that there is but one flag, in tender memory of the brave men of the Stars and Bars, and we rejoice that we have the same flag that floated over us before the war."

#### Guilty of Contempt.

New York, Special.—Wm. H. McAllister, secretary of the American Tobacco Company, was adjudged guilty of contempt by the United States Circuit Court for having refused to answer questions before the Federal grand jury in connection with the investigation of the so-called tobacco trust. McAllister was asked questions concerning the affairs of his company, and was served with a subpoena requiring him to produce papers and contracts covering the export business of the American Tobacco Company. Upon the advice of his counsel he not only declined to answer the questions, but also to produce the papers asked for, taking the ground that he was protected by his constitutional rights. He was sent to jail, but later was released on heavy bond.

#### Big Consolidation.

Memphis, Special.—Announcement was made that a consolidation of the Memphis Trust Company and the National Bank of Commerce, of this city, has been decided on, the merger to take effect on July 15. Both concerns are well known and influential. The capital stock of the combined institutions, it is said, will be \$2,000,000. John T. Fargason, a prominent local merchant and capitalist, will be president.

#### Chairman Morton Waits.

New York, Special.—The executive committee of the Equitable Life Assurance Society met Wednesday, with Vice President Hyde presiding, and elected Chairman Paul Morton a member of the committee. There were no further resignations from the board, nor were the resignations of officers and directors already tendered acted upon. Chairman Morton said that he would not outline his policy until he had received the report of Superintendent Hendricks. On the report was to depend largely the organization of its executive and finance committees.

#### Knights of Honor in Session.

Atlanta, Ga., Special.—With more than 80 delegates in attendance, there being more than one delegate for each State in the Union, the biennial convention of the Knights of Honor was called to order here. Delegate Hudson, of Texas, offered a resolution providing for the admission of women into the order. This was referred to the committee on the good of the order. The convention will be in session several days.

#### Fall River Cloth Market.

Fall River, Special.—The sales in the print cloth market for the week are estimated at about 125,000 pieces. The bulk of the trading which has been of a light character, has been confined principally to medium widths and wide odds during the week. Most of the mills are still short of help.

#### Meeting Place Now the Question.

Washington, Special.—Gradually the negotiations for peace in the Far East are nearing a focus. The one point to which the energies of those directly concerned in them now are being directed is the choice of a place for the holding of the conference of the plenipotentiaries of the belligerent powers.

It is known officially that three cities are now under consideration by Russia and Japan. These cities, namely, in order of the likelihood of the final selection, are Washington, The Hague and Geneva.

#### Effort to Rob Postoffice.

Durham, Special.—It was discovered Tuesday that an effort was made to rob the postoffice in West Durham Monday night. The robbers, the tracks showing that there were more than one, entered the building by breaking a pane of glass, but could not get back into the postoffice part on account of the strong lattice work. There was a rain after midnight and the tracks were made after the rain. Up to this time there is no clue as to who attempted the robbery.

#### CLOSE OF THE REUNION

Without Much Pretense of Formation So Far as the Veterans Were Concerned, the Parade was None the Less a Stirring Spectacle, Battle Flags Recently Restored by the Government Playing a Part.

Louisville, Ky., Special.—Beneath the shot-riddled battle flags that floated over many a sodden field, and to the thrilling strains of "Dixie" that oft had cheered them on to victory or defeat, the Confederate veterans who wore the gray marched Friday in proud review before thousands of people gathered in Kentucky's chief city to do them honor.

There was not much in the way of formation and order in the line as far as the old boys were concerned, but they marched with sparkling eye to the old tunes, and heard the same cheers that have stirred their blood partially since the reunions became a part of life in the South. Many of the captured battle flags, recently returned by the government, were carried in Friday's parade and were the objects of interest and veneration.

Three Overcome by Heat. The temperature was near the 86 mark, and John C. Allen, of Lawrenceburg, Ky., J. B. Allen, of Virginia and William Potter, aged 62 of Nashville, Tenn., were overcome and taken to hospitals.

The parade which formed at First and Main streets was in three grand divisions, comprising the trans-Mississippi department, the department of the Army of Northern Virginia and the department of the Army of Tennessee. Col. Bennett H. Young, commander of the Kentucky division, was chief marshal, and the following were in command of the three divisions: Gen. W. L. Cabell, Texas, the trans-Mississippi department; Gen. C. Irvine Walker, South Carolina, the department of Northern Virginia; Gen. Clement A. Evans, the Army of Tennessee.

Head of the Column. At the head of the column, as special guests of the reunion, rode Gen. Joe Wheeler, in citizen's dress, and Jefferson Davis, grandson of President Davis of the Confederacy. They were escorted by Wheeler's cavalry. Next came the commander-in-chief, General Stephen D. Lee, and staff. The distinguished leader was cheered at every turn. The commander of the Kentucky division, General R. E. Lee, of Richmond, Va., had the place of honor in the Virginia division. The marching of this camp was splendid and the men were cheered heartily. Then came the Tom Smith Camp, of Suffolk, Va., and Stonewall Jackson's old brigade with several tattered flags. These old men and their flags aroused the crowds to much enthusiasm. The William Watts Camp, of Roanoke, brought up the rear of the Virginians.

The next reunion will be held at New Orleans.

#### Text of Japan's Reply.

Washington, Special.—The following is the text of the Japanese reply to President Roosevelt's identical note to Japan and Russia on the subject of negotiations for peace:

"The imperial government has given to the suggestions of the President of the United States, embodied in the note handed to the Minister of Foreign Affairs by the United States minister on the 9th inst., very serious consideration, to which, because of its source and import, it is justly entitled. Desiring, in the interest of the world, as well as in the interest of Japan, the re-establishment of peace with Russia on terms of mutual advantage, the imperial government will, in response to the suggestions of the President, appoint plenipotentiaries of Japan to meet plenipotentiaries of Russia at such time and place as may be found to be mutually agreeable and convenient, for the purpose of negotiating and concluding terms of peace directly and exclusively between the two belligerent powers."

During the past few days the President has received as many as a hundred letters suggesting various cities in the country as desirable places for holding the conference. It can be said that the President will not permit himself to be drawn into the discussion of this subject and the government will not attempt to limit in any way the choice of the conferees in holding their conference.

#### May be Another Great Advance.

London, By Cable.—The practical certainty now that peace negotiations cannot begin for another month leads to the conviction that another great battle will be fought in the interval.

According to the Daily Telegraph's Tien Tsin correspondent, a Japanese forward movement has already commenced in spite of the rainy season.

#### Booker Washington Sees President.

Washington, Special.—Booker T. Washington, president of Tuskegee Institute at Tuskegee, Ala., called on the president to talk with him about his visit to Tuskegee next October. The president expects to pass the greater part of October 23 at Tuskegee, and arrangements already are making for a demonstration by the students of the institute in his honor. The president will review a procession and pay a visit to the institute and deliver an address. Prof. Washington tonight delivered an address at the graduating exercises of the colored high school, the colored normal school and the Armstrong Training school.

#### Cloth Sales Slow.

Fall River, Mass., Special.—The sales in print cloth market for the week are estimated at 225,000 pieces. A much firmer tone has prevailed in the cloth market during the week. Buyers are active holders at present prices, but manufacturers continue to be slow sellers. The cause of the firmness on the part of the seller is the high prices asked for the raw material and also the strong belief that cotton may be marked up in the near future.

## THE CZAR WILL ACT

### Sees the Evil Conditions That Stalk Through His Unfortunate Land

#### HAS LONG TALK WITH ZEMSTOVOS

President of Moscow Delegation Describes the Serious Situation in Russia and Greatly Impresses the Czar, Who Declares That His Wish and Will for a National Assembly Are Unshakable.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—Emperor Nicholas received the Zemstvo deputation Monday. The reception took place at noon in the Alexander Palace at Peterhof. Prince Trobetskoy, president of the Zemstvo congress of the Moscow government, in behalf of the Moscow delegation, addressed the Emperor in a long speech, in which he described the serious conditions existing in Russia which have caused the Zemstvos to approach his majesty directly. The Emperor was evidently much impressed. Mr. Fedoroff, representing the St. Petersburg delegation, also spoke. His majesty replied, expressing deep regret at the great sacrifices consequent of the war, and above everything, at the disaster to the Russian navy. In concluding, the Emperor said:

"I thank you gentlemen, for the sentiments expressed and join in your desire to bring about a new order of things. My personal wish and my will as Emperor to summon a national assembly is unshakable. I await with anxiety the carrying out of this my will. You can announce this to the inhabitants of the towns and villages throughout Russia, and from today you will assist me in this new work. The national assembly will establish, as formerly, a united Russia, and the Emperor will be the supreme support of the nation, based on the principle of Russian nationalism."

#### MAY FLEE WASHINGTON HEAT.

Peace Conferers Will Have Authority to Adjourn to Some Other Place—Claims of Various Cities Are Being Ignored by the President, Who Ignores the Subject.

Washington, Special.—Practically no new developments were observable in the negotiations between Russia and Japan. President Roosevelt, for a day or two has been deeply engrossed in other matters, and while he has not himself been to the conference, his efforts for bringing together the Far Eastern belligerents, he has realized fully that the next move in the game of diplomacy now being played is with the contending nations themselves. The move is the selection of envoys to represent them at the Washington conference.

Both Minister Takahira, of Japan, and Ambassador Cassini, of Russia, called on the President Monday afternoon. Neither would discuss his interview with the President. It is known, however, that they were not of great importance. Each of the plenipotentiaries presented to the President the advice from his government respecting the satisfaction felt at both St. Petersburg and Tokio at the selection of Washington as the seat of the peace conference.

Whether the conference will actually sit in Washington, or not, has not been determined, of course, as that is a detail which will be left to the envoys themselves by their respective governments. It is said that no decision will be reached on that point until the conferees meet here and organize. If the weather in Washington at that time should be unfavorable to the conferees sitting in this city, it will be within the authority of the plenipotentiaries to adjourn to some other city.

During the past few days the President has received as many as a hundred letters suggesting various cities in the country as desirable places for holding the conference. It can be said that the President will not permit himself to be drawn into the discussion of this subject and the government will not attempt to limit in any way the choice of the conferees in holding their conference.

#### Church Takes Ban off State.

Rome, By Cable.—The Pope has issued an encyclical encouraging Catholics to participate in public affairs. While seeking the advice of the ecclesiastical authorities, the encyclical says Catholics should retain complete liberty of action regarding the temporal interests. Members of the clergy are recommended to refrain from participating in party strife. The encyclical has created a sensation. Its object is to induce Catholics to enter public life, so that the navy be a force against the threat of socialism.

#### France Backs Down.

Paris, By Cable.—An international conference for the consideration of the affairs of Morocco is now practically assured as the result of the conversations between Premier Rouvier and Prince von Radolin, the German ambassador, and attention is now directed to defining the scope of the conference. Details are being rapidly arranged, and the officials expect to be able to announce the place for the conference in the course of four or five days.

#### Town Retaken.

Headquarters of the Russian Army, Godzyadani, Manchuria, By Cable.—The Russian cavalry have retaken the town of Liayangkangpung. The Japanese occupied the village of Sunpung, on the main road to Changtun and Mamekai, in the morning of June 16, but they did not succeed in crossing the river. At 3 in the afternoon the Russians re-occupied Sunpung, three squadrons of Japanese retiring in a southwesterly direction.

## POWELL GETS 21-2 YEARS

Judge Purnell Sets Aside Motion for New Trial and Sentences Norfolk Man on Three Counts.

Raleigh, Special.—In the case of the United States against J. B. Powell, the Norfolk man Friday evening convicted of swindling by the use of the mails, and of two other charges, namely, planning to swindle and carrying out that plan, Judge Purnell overruled a motion for a new trial and also one to set aside the verdict. The judge then considered the matter of the sentences for the three offenses, of which the man had been convicted. Powell was in jail here about six months, gave bail, \$500 of it being in money, failed to appear at the trial, and at that time forfeited all the bail. He was given another trial, to-wit, an arraignment, that he was sick and could not get here, and up to his conviction he has been out on \$1,500 bail. One of his attorneys, Mr. Bason, of Norfolk, declared, in his prayer for mercy, that Powell had heart trouble, to-wit, an aneurism. He said that Powell had led a fast life, but had reformed twelve or eighteen months ago and was a member of the church. Powell listened quite coolly to the appeal for mercy, his wife, very pale, but interestingly sitting by him and keeping her eyes on the judge. Attorney Eason said Powell had turned his face towards better things and that he had in his evidence in his own defense, opened his heart and told of his bad life in the past. The attorney said he would like to have a physician called in to examine Powell and declared that to imprison the latter would be an end of him, and would kill him as much as if he were taken out and regularly killed. Eason made an appeal for mercy and was followed by F. S. Sprull, of counsel for Powell, who said he had but recently heard of Powell's physical trouble and begged that he be not imprisoned. The district attorney said that the Attorney General was a humane institution and that if Powell was unable to work the very competent physicians there would say so. As a matter of fact, the penitentiary was the very best place for Powell if he had any such ailment as he says he has and that if clemency were needed it would be shown by the President. The judge said this was the fact and he then imposed sentence, saying the case was a very aggravating one. On the first charge he gave Powell 18 months imprisonment and \$100 fine, on the second six months and \$100, and on the third six months and \$100, making two and a half years. Powell did not appear to show any concern and never trembled. He leaned over and whispered to his wife, who was nervous. The judge said that a bill of exceptions had been filed and that he would fix the bond at \$5,000. The attorneys for Powell talked a little about an appeal, but soon decided that this was a waste of time, as the bond was so large that Powell could not give it. So Powell next week goes to Atlanta to serve his term. One of his brothers has been here with him and he has another brother somewhere in the State.

Many New Industries. Monday was a notable one for the number of charters issued from the office of the secretary of state. Clerk Wilson, who is in charge of this department of the office, says that charters will now come in very numerous. The following were granted Monday: Elber Springs Company, of Rockingham, to build a paper mill, of 200 acres of land, in water, construct houses, etc., capital stock, \$25,000; C. Meek and others, stockholders. The Wade Brick Company, Cumberland county, to make brick and tiles, etc.; capital stock, \$25,000; The Star Company of Winston, to do mercantile and jobbing business, \$25,000; the Albemarle Light and Water Company, at the town of that name, J. L. Eldred and others stockholders; the Newton Livery Company, \$25,000; the Craygo Mountain Extract Company, of Buncombe county, to make tannic acid from bark, also wood alcohol and dyes from the same, operate tanneries, electric railways, power plants, lights, etc.; spoke and hub factories and other wood working plants, \$125,000; Richard H. Howland and others, stockholders. The Greensboro Table and Mantle Company changes its name to the Greensboro Table Company, and is authorized to increase its capital stock to \$100,000, of which one-fourth is to be preferred.

Asheville to Issue Bonds. Asheville, Special.—During the executive session of the board of aldermen Friday night Mayor Barnard, chairman of the water and light commission, announced that he would call a meeting of the commission at an early date for the purpose of considering the issue of bonds as authorized by the last general assembly, the proceeds to be used in building an immense reservoir and also equipping an electric light plant. Mayor Barnard said this afternoon that he would call a meeting of the commission for next Monday evening, when, in all probability, some definite action would be taken. The legislative act gives the board authority to sell \$40,000 worth of bonds for the establishment of an electric light plant on the Swannanoa river and \$60,000 for the building of a reservoir, or less, if it be found that these amounts are not required.

Rains reported.—Nashville, 1.30; Goldsboro, 1.48; Lumberton, 1.56; Newbern, 1.48; Weldon, 1.62; Wilmington, 0.10; Hatteras, 0.80; Ramseyer, 1.55; Lexington, 0.73; Selma, 1.21; Monrovia, 1.16; Greensboro, 0.64; Raleigh, 0.26; Marion, 2.02; Hendersonville, 3.00; Asheville, 2.50.

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To Consolidate Normals. Monday there was a session of the State board of education, Governor Glenn presiding, to consider the matter of consolidation of the four negro State normal schools. Messrs. Henry L. Cook and N. A. Sinclair appeared in behalf of the retention of the school at Fayetteville. E. E. Smith, G. P. Thurston and G. P. Wilkerson, all influential colored men there, made arguments in favor of retention. No decision was reached.

#### Burglar Robs Concord Man.

Concord, Special.—Saturday night, Mr. T. C. Peeler, a merchant of this city, had \$200 stolen from him at his home here. He had the money in his trouser pockets and the pants placed near his bed and some burglar entered the room and took the money, hung the pants on the window screen and left. There is no clue to the identity of the burglar.

#### Jailed for Contempt.

At Raleigh Saturday, ex-Sheriff Rogers and J. P. Scirel were adjudged guilty of contempt of court in trying to influence jurymen in the Gattis-Kilgo case, and were ordered to jail 30 days each.

#### Gambling Law Not Enforced.

St. Louis, Special.—Despite Governor Folk's order to the sheriff of St. Louis county directing him to arrest all principals and accessories found violating the anti-betting law which went into effect last Saturday, no arrests were made at Delmar race track, although six so-called book-makers did a fair business. A deputy sheriff was present until after the last race.

## WEEKLY CROP BULLETIN

Weather Conditions Given Out by the Department Observer.

Another week of excellent weather has been experienced, favorable in its main feature both for the rapid growth of crops and for farm work. The mean temperature was about 75 degrees, or moderately above normal, and although it was not unusually warm, it was still considerably warmer than during the preceding week, so that no check to growth occurred. The rainfall was irregularly distributed, too much rain fell in several central-eastern counties, chiefly in portions of Wayne, Craven, Halifax, Washington, Bladen, Vance and Franklin; at many places in these counties rain fell on every day of the week, but it was mostly gentle in character; heavy washing rains were reported from only a few widely separated places this week. On the other hand, drought prevails over a number of counties along the immediate coast line (Currituck, Tyrrell, Hyde and Onslow) and also in a larger number of western counties, where the soil is getting dry and hard, and rain is much needed. Generally over most of the State farm work is now well up, and is in excellent condition, crops have been well cultivated, are mostly clean and have continued to improve. In a few counties grass and weeds have not been subdued.

Cotton has been nearly all chopped and cultivated, and where it has been kept clear it has improved considerably, but the crop is still grassy in many counties; squares are beginning to form on early cotton; rice continues to prevail in some places. Corn has improved, but is not doing well, and it is doubtful whether the effect of poor hands will be entirely overcome. Much of the crop has been laid by in silk and tassel, planting is practically over, and late planted in lowlands is coming up rapidly. Tobacco continues to do well, though some correspondents report that the plants are running to seed (buttoning) too early. The wheat harvest is nearly over, except in the extreme west; the straw is abundant, but the grains are not well filled; in some counties cutting was interfered with by frequent rains, the grains being over ripe but too wet to handle. Gardens have improved and vegetables of all kinds are abundant. Irish potatoes are yielding very well in many places, though some are rotting in the ground in wet localities; sweet potatoes are growing nicely. Field peas are growing rapidly. In most western counties where mowing is under way, the conditions were quite favorable for curing hay. Early apples and peaches are ripening and coming into market; apples are poor, peaches of better quality and more plentiful; the huckleberry crop is good; blackberries are ripening; there are some reports that grapes are rotting considerably.

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## WASHINGTON CHOSEN

### Agreeable to All Parties As Place of Holding Peace Meeting

#### CZAR WITHDRAWS ALL OBJECTION

Envy and Jealousy of the United States Are so Unconcealed in Some Quarters That There Was Almost Open Exultation at the "Refusal to Roosevelt" by the Foreign Office Prior to the Czar's Intervention.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—Russia has finally and definitely accepted Washington as the meeting place of the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries, the foreign office having waived its request for reconsideration at the personal discretion of the Emperor, whose desire to give the fullest and fairest opportunity to President Roosevelt's proposal for a peace conference is hereby manifested.

After his conference with Ambassador Meyer, Count Lamourette, the foreign minister went to Peterhof and laid the matter before the Emperor, who, on learning that insistence on The Hague might endanger the negotiations, directed Count Lamourette to inform Ambassador Meyer that Russia would accept Washington.

It was after midnight when the foreign minister returned from Peterhof, but Ambassador Meyer was forthwith notified and a cipher dispatch was prepared and sent to the state department at an early hour Monday morning.

Count Lamourette Sunday afternoon issued a public announcement of the selection of Washington.

The result is looked upon as a decided triumph for American diplomacy.

#### 150 Natives Massacred.

San Francisco, Special.—Details of a terrible massacre by pirates of 150 natives on the Siberian coast has been received in a letter from Petropavlovsk, on the coast of Kamchatka. A Morogranov, has written to his brother, a resident of San Francisco, that in the early part of the year the natives, in one of the small settlements down the coast, observed a yacht, or schooner, drop anchor in the harbor, and its coming was hailed with cries of rejoicing. On the vessel came a number of small boats. The natives could see the crew pulling what they thought were supplies into the smaller craft. Then the men pulled for the shore. During that and the next day, there was heard firing of arms, and later, smoke and fire were observed. This led to an investigation from Petropavlovsk and other towns on the coast, and a horrible tale of pillage and massacre was brought to light.

About the streets of the settlement, writes Morogranov, were strewn the bodies of 150 of the inhabitants, shot and cut to pieces by the pirates, who, under the pretense of friendship, had gained a landing on the coast. Hobbey was their motive, for every hut had been ransacked, and all of the marketable value had been taken. Who the marauders were, those who managed to make their escape could not say, beyond giving the information that when Morogranov sent his letter the people of Petropavlovsk feared an attack on that town.

#### Maximo Gomez Dead.

Havana, Special.—Gen. Maximo Gomez died at 6 o'clock Saturday evening.

General Maximo Gomez, who commanded the Cuban forces during the war of independence which broke out in 1895, and ended with the complete independence of the island, when on May 20, 1902, the control of Cuba was formally transferred to the new Cuban government, was born in Baracoa, Santo Domingo, in the Spanish army in Santo Domingo and served in the last occupation of Santo Domingo by Spain.

#### Going for Paul Jones' Body.

New York, Special.—Rear Admiral Sigsbee's squadron, which was detailed from the North Atlantic fleet to bring the body of John Paul Jones, the first admiral of the American navy, to this country, started on its voyage to France Sunday. The squadron is made up of the flagship Brooklyn and the cruisers Chattanooga, Tacoma and Galveston.

#### Collision Sinks Vessel.

Sault Ste Marie, Mich., Special.—During a thick fog which has prevailed on the upper lakes for a week, the steel freight steamer Etruria and Amazea collided ten miles off Presque Isle light, in Lake Huron. The Etruria was so damaged that she sank within a few minutes, the crew narrowly escaping with their lives. The Etruria was struck on the starboard side, abreast of the No. 9 hatch. Many of the crew were asleep in their berths,



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The Raleigh Post of Nov. 15th, 1904, in an editorial on the Maryland system of voting says it fails to give full effect to the choice of the people, and further adds that such a thing could not happen in North Carolina. Again it says:

Our way of voting in this State may be antiquated, but for absolute fairness there is nothing to be compared with our way of dropping a printed slip of paper into the ballot-box with the certainty that every name on it will be counted in the result. \* \* \* The North Carolina way is the best for us, and we hope that it will not be changed until the more progressive commonwealths show us something better than they have at this writing."

Well doesn't that shock your nerves? Surely the Post doesn't pretend to mean that we had honest elections in this State in 1898 and 1900? No doubt "The North Carolina way," in the hands of the Simmons machine, has been the best for the Democratic hungry office seekers, but it has been hard on the taxpayers and those who love law and order in this State. But in a recent issue the Post contained another editorial on methods of voting. And for this reason we withhold further comment on the above from the Post until we find out where it now stands, for if it has repented we are willing to forgive it. The Post of 10th inst. in commenting on the "Improved methods of voting" says in part:

"From the foregoing it appears that if all election officers were honest the rest would be easy; but experience shows that it will not do to take too much for granted. Still we have to place much reliance in the honesty of men and we do not want any but honest men to handle our ballots and count them; but the fact remains that we have to make laws to protect the voter against dishonest election officials."

North Carolina has been slower than most of the states in trying to improve on voting methods. Perhaps we may find it possible to evolve the ideal system out of the successes and failures of others."

The above utterance from the Post caused one of our readers at Littleton to write us as follows: "A new light has broken on the editor of the Post since his editorial published just after the last election, when he declared that we had absolutely fair elections in North Carolina. I think it will do good to help him along while he is in a prayerful mood, and I am sure you can do it."

The Post says "but the fact remains that we have to make laws to protect the voter against dishonest election officials." Yes, it will have to be done, but it has not been done by the Democratic good government regime. But to the contrary, laws have been passed by that machine to protect the ballot-box thieves to keep them from behind prison bars instead of passing laws to protect the voters, and this law is now on the statute books as the last Legislature refused to repeal it.

Did they want that law to remain on the statute books so they can steal other elections and use the taxpayers money to keep the election thieves out of jail? We wish simply to ask the Post if it is in favor of repealing this law and if it will help to place an honest election law on the statute books.

We await the Post's reply. But in the meantime we hope it will remain in a prayerful mood.

Lawlessness breeds lawlessness. How can you expect men who successfully violate one law to be scrupulous about keeping another statute?—News & Observer.

## MODERN INTOLERANCE.

One of our subscribers writes us that he is glad to see the News and Observer in favor of honest juries. But no one as yet has been able to decide just when the News and Observer had a change of heart as to the need of honest juries in this State. But now if the judges in this State, which the News and Observer helped to elect, are honest why is it that paper feels called upon to try to influence these judges in the performance of their duty. Does that paper think the judges are not conscious of their duty or is it afraid they will not keep their oath in the performance of their duty?

Read the following from a recent issue of the Raleigh Post:

"In a lengthy editorial yesterday morning the News and Observer attempted to climb up to the Superior court bench and help Judge Moore in the discharge of his duties. That paper is liberal in its advice to his Honor as to what he should do in regard to a certain incident that arose in the selection of the jury last Monday. The pretended object is to urge an investigation of that incident, but the real object is to influence the public mind in favor of one of the parties to the Gattis-Kilgo suit. It is but another example of that paper's established habit of manufacturing public sentiment as it unblushingly admitted it was trying to do on one occasion when its columns carried into the homes of its subscribers the filthiest and foulest lot of stuff ever seen in a North Carolina newspaper."

And it has not stopped there. The Observer has been trying to give the Supreme Court some advice as to what it shall do when certain cases come up before it for consideration. It would seem that it is about as bad to try to influence judges in the performance of their duties as it is to tamper with juries. If you do not agree with the News and Observer the whole State, in its mind, rises up in righteous indignation. As evidence of the Observer's persecution of people, who do not let it do their thinking.

We quote the following from a recent issue of the Biblical Recorder:

"We have recently been treated to a capital example of modern intolerance and persecution in North Carolina. We do not protest against it. It matters not at all. Galileo was free to speak his mind even if the ecclesiastics confronted him with dungeon, rock, and block. So men are free in North Carolina today even if a certain set pillory them with contempt, scorn and false witness. A man should not care."

Mr. J. Elwood Cox, citizen and manufacturer of High Point, one of the State-builders, went to Washington and as a witness declared that he did not desire the government to interfere with freight rates, but preferred competition.

It was just his opinion as a manufacturer and business man, a witness on the stand. But behold, day after day his motives have been impugned. So far as he could be disgraced by a newspaper, he has been disgraced. He has been accused of giving the testimony not for truth, but because he has a pass, etc. He has been made the butt of ridicule and the object of contempt. His patriotism has been denied and his good, honest name besmirched. We refer, of course, to the articles, editorial and special, in recent numbers of the News and Observer.

Now this is freedom—the sort that a certain section of the North Carolina press stands for. It is the sort precisely that the ecclesiastics granted Galileo. Those ecclesiastics swore that they believed in freedom. So do the modern persecutors. It all depends on what sort you mean!

We differ with Mr. Cox. We believe the time has come for government control of freight rates. But we can do so and respect him and his opinion. We can do so without falling into personalities. We can do so without tainting his motives. This is the other sort of freedom.

We believe in the battle. Men should fight for their opinions and not cry out for any sort of quarter. But in the fighting, since civilized nations have abandoned poisoned bullets, might not the peaceful pen omit the venomous shaft and the despicable innuendo?"

DEMOCRATS AFRAID OF LOSING VOTES IF THEY ENFORCE THE WATTS LAW.

The following from the Greensboro Record, democratic, give some reasons why the Watt's and Ward laws are not enforced by Democratic officials. The Record says it has no apology to make for any one, and then tries to give plausible reasons why the State officials do not enforce their laws. But before we go further read what the record says:

this is a case of Who gets the fodder. A revenue officer goes out, makes a raid and is paid for his work, even if no capture is made. His per diem and mileage is safe in any event, but a sheriff or other local officer may go out and hunt a week, but if he makes no capture he does not get a cent. If he is successful and finds a blockade still he gets only the usual fees and even if he gets them they are not enough to pay him for the hire of a horse to make the trip, much less for his time and trouble. Such an officer is not going alone and he would get awfully rich taking others with him. But there is another side. Human nature is the same the world over. A sheriff is dependent upon the popular will for his job and he is not going to be poking around through a country where even a few voters are in sympathy with blocking and run the risk of losing votes. Of course this should not affect him, but it does. We may criticize him, but we all do the same thing; we look out for Number 1 every time.—Greensboro Record."

According to the Record's logic a Federal official could not be expected to break up illicit distilling and "blind tigers" in Republican counties in the State for fear of causing the party to lose votes in those counties. But such is not the case. There is not a Republican county in the State in which the Federal officials have not made successful raids on the moonshiners.

The Record has let the cat out of the bag and it is just the color we thought it was. The State officials are afraid to enforce the law against illicit distillers and blind tigers for fear the party will lose votes. Do these moonshiners work for and contribute money to the Democratic campaign fund? If not why are the State officials afraid to enforce the law? There is something very rotten somewhere?

Tax-payers do you want a party in power in this State who haven't the courage to enforce the laws they have placed on the statute books?

Isn't it about time to "turn the rascals out?"

The Raleigh Post some days ago in speaking of the "Test of true democracy," says "It has met with rebuke. It has been the victim of slyster leaders and suffered the inevitable consequences."

And, since when did you get rid of these leaders. Isn't your party suffering from the same disease today?

## DEMOCRATS SHOULD PRACTICE WHAT THEY PREACH.

The Manner of the Politician the Better they Like Him and the Surer is His Reward.

"There is some objection on the part of some Maryland Republicans to the appointment of Mr. Bonaparte as successor to Secretary of the Navy Morton for the reason that Mr. Bonaparte is not an extreme partisan. Although he is a Republican when the Republican party goes wrong he does not hesitate to say so. Mr. Roosevelt deserves credit for his determination to appoint such a man to the office in question. A good partisan very often makes a bad public official and it is well that a man of ability is to be appointed in this case, regardless of the fact that some Republican leaders are dissatisfied. We have scant regard for that man who belongs to a party but who is persistently lukewarm in its support. However, a man can be a good Democrat or a good Republican and still be fair and just. More men of Mr. Bonaparte's type of character and ability are needed in public office and fewer men whose sole claim to an office rests on the fact that they are good partisans."—Daily Sentinel.

The above is fine doctrine but the question is, if this is the correct policy, why don't the Sentinel and its party practice what it preaches? Has it ever done this? Judge Carr is a good business man, conservative in his politics, a man who has always had no better sense than to vote the Democratic ticket, but who has never stood between any man and his rights at the ballot box. Mr. Simmons on the other hand is a politician pure and simple. He was the power behind the throne in the passage of our infamous election laws. He was the instigator and organizer of the red shirt bands whose performances terminated in the Wilmington massacres. He was the chief promoter of the effort to impeach our judges. Yet when these two men were candidates for the Senate the Sentinel's party beat Judge Carr and elected Simmons, and now it preaches fairness and justice in politics.

My friends, the history of your party is that the manner the politician the better you like him and the surer is his reward.—Justice in Union Republican.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

## ZEKE BILKINS IS HUMILIATED.

"Zeke Bilkins was Getting Ready to Raid that 'Neighborhood Distillery' When the Federal Officers Bagged Them—Zeke is Disgusted and Thinks of Resigning as a Watts Law Official."

Them carry'n's on at Raleigh at the Federal Court hez put out more'n anything I've hearn ov lately. I've traveled from one side ov Wake County ter the other fer many years an' bin az far outside az Hillsboro, an' I'll be blessed if you couldn't a knocked me down with an empty egg shell when I hearn about what hed bin goin' on in Cedar Fork Township; an' purty nigh half the poplashun a layin' in jail servin out sentences.

An' this iz my county, the county that me an' my ancestors foun' at bled fer, a county wiq' the Watts law, the Ward law, the anti-jug law, the county whar I am constable, justis ov the peeco, rode supervizer, an' perspective candydater fer the next legislatur. The world iz growin' wurre fast."

I hed bin loadin' up my transport with collick cure an' fixin' ter make a rade in Cedar Fork Towship ter see if awl wuz well, an' ter see if they wuz abidin' by the laws ov the Meeds an' the Persions, the Watts law an' the Ward law, an' awl other laws made an' purvid by the affixy legislatur. I knowed there wuz numerous constables, sheriffs, justises ov the peeco an' other offishals in Cedar Fork, but I wuz afear'd they wuz too busy ter fix things up rite.

Betsy she didn't want me ter go. She jlowed that I'd git killed, fer them blockaders shot at a revenew officer sum time ergo. I told her hit wuz awl rite, fer I wuz goin' ter hurt them, an' they wouldn't hurt me. "What air you goin' ter do ter me?" axed Betsy. "Oh! that iz awl rite," sez I, "I'll raport them ter the anti-saloon leag, which iz keepin' powerful quiet by order ov Simmons or sumbody, an' then I'll issue a writ or potatus hifalutis, dispensatory, which means in English: 'You air safe so long az you vote rite.'" This writ would hev bin returnable before the sons ov the revolution one hundred years from now. Hit takes a lot ov diplomacy ter be a prohibeshunist, a dispensary advocate an' drink lickin an' encourage the illsit makin' ov hit awl at the same time. But lots ov folks hev hit ter do or git out ov the party.

But I'm humiliated bad. Rite under the shades ov the State Capitol, rite under the nose ov the anti-saloon leag, rite under the eyes ov the county officers, rite under the arms ov members ov the grand jury, this "co-operative distillery" wuz workin' day an' nite. This, too, in a land whar the dispensatory razes his proud hed, waves the banner ov temperance, an' perclames that awl who hev the price kin eat, drink, an' be merry, this Sunday-school heil kitzel wuz bilin' fer they say hit wuz known in the Sunday-schools, an' they iz strong intermeshans that sum ov the teachers were stockholders an' buyers ov the goods. I'm so humiliated that I've a noshun ter resine about half ov my offices an' put on mournin'—Bilkins in Raleigh Enterprise.

## THREE PUT UNDER BOND.

The Death of Mrs. Safreight Involved in Mystery.

Greensboro, N. C., June 20.—In Summer township yesterday afternoon, after a hearing on a charge of murder, three justices of the peace sitting with Squire Paschal, required the defendants, Mrs. Nancy A. Lineberry, W. H. Osborn and A. A. Safreight to give bonds for their appearance at the next term of court.

The evidence, while somewhat conflicting, tended to establish these facts: Two weeks ago, Mrs. Safreight, wife of defendant, A. A. Safreight, and sister to Mrs. Lineberry, died suddenly and was buried the same day. Rumors of foul play pervaded the neighborhood, resulting in warrants against the parties named. Witnesses swore to finding on the body marks of blows and a heavy stroke on the temple, which must have broken the skull. The husband was charged with causing death by cruelly beating his wife. The evidence being conflicting the defendants were allowed to give bond.

## MUST HOOP-SKIRTS RETURN?

Mysterious Revival That is Said to Depend on the Sartorial Courage of Chicago.

"The say" that hoop-skirts are coming again. They may have come before these words are printed. What is it to men whether that majestic crinoline is to be revived or not? However wrapped up, the feminine contents will still be worshipped. Hoop-skirts look "funny" or awful, on the stage and in the pictures of years ago, but if the women can stand them, we can—and must, whether we can or not. If we understand the situation—of course, no man or can should pretend to—London frowns upon hoop-skirts; Paris is doubtful; Chicago is prepared to welcome them. If betting were not a sin, we might be inclined to bet on Chicago.

P. S.—How do you get them on? How do you get into an open car with them?—With the Procession. Everybody's Magazine for July.

## The July Designer.

The Designer for July is as breezy as out of door pictures and articles can make it. There is a special article on bathing-suits. Louise M. Dew gives hints for the stay-at-home in the "The Gospel of Out-Door Beauty," and there are two pages full of beautiful reproductions from tree photographs. Independence Day is paid due homage in "Fourth-of-July Tableaux," by Sarah Comstock; in a short story, "The Women's Independence Day," by Catherine Wetherell; and in some good bits of Fourth-of-July verse. "A Little Rebel," by Zelia Margaret Walters, tells how a small lassie preferred her American Independence to wealth and a title in another land. "God has to keep some people poor; it's the only way He's got to make 'em decent." So declares Miss Ginter in the July instalment of the droll story of which that good lady is the heroine. In the chapters given in this month, Dewey and Maull, importations of the Fresh-Air Society, are introduced.

## "Tales" for July.

The second (July) issue of Tales fully meets the high expectations aroused by the first number of this new "Magazine of the World's Best Fiction." The table of contents includes as many famous names as were to be found in the first issue. There are seventeen contributions in this number, including the serial "Siren Voices," by Jean Reidrach, the conclusion of a two-part story, a complete novel and fourteen short stories. Eight languages are represented, the French again leading with seven stories, while Germany contributes three, Russia two, and Denmark, Spain, Italy, Hungary and America one each. Not only are these stories thoroughly representative of the various literatures from which they are taken, but each one has some special and individual interest.

The number is enlivened throughout by amusing examples of humor translated from the leading European comic journals, and the value of the magazine to the general reader is greatly increased by a department of notes on the authors represented, under the title "Tales and Their Tellers."

## What Happened to the Invalid.

There is a Christian Science story in the July McClure's. Healers may find vindication in it, others may think differently, but leaving out controversy it is a side-splitting triumph of old-fashioned common sense. In "A Clear Case of Science" the irresistible force meets the immovable object. The story of what happens had best be told by the author, James Howard Graves.

## The President and His Family.

The July McClure's presents to readers a portrait gallery of the President and his family. The pictures are marvels of the engraver's art printed full-page size in the tints of the photographer's prints. All are from the latest negatives.

## DYING OF FAMINE

is, in its torments, like dying of consumption. The progress of consumption, from the beginning to very end, is a long torture, both to victim and friends. "When I had consumption in its first stage," writes Wm. Myers, of Carrollton, Md., "after trying different medicines and a good doctor, in vain, I at last took Dr. King's New Discovery, which quickly and perfectly cured me." Prompt relief and sure cure for coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, etc. Positively prevents pneumonia. Guaranteed by all Druggists. Price 50c and one \$1.00 a bottle. Trial bottle free.

## A. & M. COLLEGE.

The Catalogue of the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts shows 130 students of Agriculture, 93 of Civil Engineering, 60 of Electrical Engineering, 73 of Mechanical Engineering, 25 of Cotton Manufacturing, 38 of Chemistry and Mining, and 55 of Mechanical Arts. Young men desiring practical industrial training would do well to write for catalogue to President Winston, West Raleigh, N. C.

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JOHN J. McKEILAIN, Pres. S. B. Eng. Co., South Bend, Ind. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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## THE CAUCASIAN

RALEIGH, N. C. June 1, 1904

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

Mr. Ed C. Edwards, of Henderson, was knocked down by an engine Monday and received a wound from which he afterwards died.

Great are Democratic Laws in the Suppression of Moonshining!

One of the remarkable stories of the day is that of the joint stock moonlight distillery which has been operated for three years by ten farmers, a few miles from Raleigh, in the township in which the sheriff of the county lives, and the existence of which was so well known that it has been openly talked about around church doors and at Sunday school. Great is the Watts law in the suppression of moonshining.—Charlotte Observer.

NEGRO IMMIGRATION BUREAU IN RALEIGH.

G. F. Simmons the Promoter of This New Enterprise

A negro immigration, or employment bureau has been established in Raleigh. Is this one of the business that Simmons and his crowd decided to have established in North Carolina to secure more labor? Or can it be that this one operated in Raleigh is employed by the Executive Committee to secure negro clerks to aid Senator Simmons in running next campaign?

Jurors Charged With Contempt of Court

Charlotte, N. C., June 20.—In the Federal court today A. L. Kennedy and C. F. Atwell, two of the grand jurors charged with contempt of court in connection with the proceedings of the grand jury at the Statesville term of court last April in connection with the evidence upon which bill of indictment was returned in the celebrated Williams case, filed answers to the rule against them.

After hearing the arguments Judge Boyd ordered that the rule be made absolute, stating that judgment would not be pronounced until the case against the other jurors had been disposed of.

Minister Bowen Dismissed.

Washington, June 20.—The dismissal of Herbert W. Bowen for some years United States minister to Venezuela and the exoneration of Assistant Secretary of State Francis B. Loomis of the allegation brought against him by Mr. Bowen, are the outcome of the Loomis-Bowen controversy, which has attracted wide attention for many months past. This disposition of the case is made by President Roosevelt in a letter addressed to Secretary Taft, made public to-night, approving Mr. Taft's report on his findings and conclusions in the case.

Why they Say Roosevelt is a Democrat.

The Chattanooga News seems to think that, after all, the Democrats may have won a decisive victory in the presidential election last fall. It looks upon Mr. Roosevelt a fair exponent of democratic principles, at least of two of the leading declarations of that party's national platform.

Well if Mr. Roosevelt stands for anything or is an exponent of anything, he is forced to stand for some democratic stuff. If you will read the four last national democratic platforms, you will find incorporated in some of them every scheme that has ever been devised by any and all political parties to put and to hold themselves in office. Mr. Roosevelt is compelled to stand for some democratic stuff, or stand off in the cold, and stand for nothing.—North State.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect it.

How to Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When Home of Swamp-Root, writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

## Sampson County.

This column will be devoted each week to communications and general news pertaining to Sampson County.

Prominent Young People Wed.

Pleasant Union Baptist Church in Little Coharie Township, Sampson County, N. C., was the scene of a beautiful marriage Sunday, June 18th, 1905; when Mr. Edwin Stewart Howard, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fleet H. Howard, and Miss Cora Bullard, the very pretty popular young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Bullard, both of Hayne, N. C., were joined in hand and heart.

The groom entered the church leaning on the arm of Mr. E. M. Bullard, of Hayne, N. C., who was best man, and the bride entered supported by Miss Rena D. Smith, of Cypress Creek, Bladen County, N. C., who was maid of honor.

Rev. W. R. Johnson, the pastor, in well fitted words made them man and wife.

After an interesting sermon by the pastor, the young couple and the invited guests took a two-mile drive to the home of the bride where as good a dinner was set as this writer ever partook of.

In the afternoon the wedding party made its way to the hospitable home of the groom and judging from the table that was spread, peace and plenty abounded there. We congratulate this young couple and wish for them all the success that they merit and hope the summer shower that was falling as they entered the church and proceeded to the altar, was only a shower of blessings and that they may continue to fall upon them.

We greatly deplore the death of our good friend and brother, Mr. H. B. Simpson, who died at his home near Roseboro, June 16th, 1905, of pneumonia. He had been a member of Pleasant Union Baptist Church for many years where he proved to be an exceedingly useful member. We shall miss him. A good and useful citizen has gone from among us to reap his reward at the right hand of God. We sympathize with his relatives and many friends and associates with whom he has lived and made such lasting impressions.

Ye Republicans better hush up all that fuss about a Daily Republican News Paper in North Carolina. The Democrats are excited mightily bad down here in Sampson. They know when Hon. Marion Butler puts his shoulder to the wheel there is going to be something doing. The Sampson Democrat and about all of its correspondents have not had a good nights rest for quite awhile for they are afraid this new enterprise is going to tell on the whole shooting match and they are getting in a terrible fix. Well we can't help it. It seems to us that the little news papers over the country have worn the toes of their shoes out long enough kicking at such men as Marion Butler and they continuously climbing up hill. Well they cant down him. Looks like they would find it out some time.

Messrs. A. L. Best and James L. Matthews, who have been working for C. H. Robinson & Co., for several months in the states of Tennessee and Mississippi are home for awhile on a vacation. W. F. S.

HUGE TASK.

It was a huge task, to undertake the cure of such a bad case of kidney disease, as that of C. F. Collier, of Cherokee, La., but Electric Bitters did it. He writes: "My kidneys were so far gone, I could not sit on a chair without a cushion; and suffered from dreadful backache, and depression. In Electric Bitters, however, I found a cure, and by their use was restored to perfect health. I recommend this great tonic medicine to all with weak kidneys, liver or stomach. Guaranteed by all Druggists. Price 50c."

Subscribe for the Caucasian. It is only \$1.00 per year.

declarations of two of the leading TOURS TO NORFOLK.

The Seaboard announces they will operate their first Excursion from Raleigh Durham and intermediate points, to Norfolk, Portsmouth, Old Point, Pine Beach, Ocean View and Virginia Beach, Wednesday, June 14. Train to leave Raleigh 10:00 a. m., Durham 9:45 a. m., returning leave Portsmouth 9:00 a. m., June 16, taking on passengers up to Branchville inclusive. Rates Raleigh and Durham to Youngsville and Creedmoor \$2.50, Franklinton and Hester including Oxford to Henderson inclusive \$2.25, Greensboro to Rideway \$2.00, Norfolk to Weldon \$1.75, Greensboro to Branchville \$1.50.

Special reserved seat car will be operated on this train, seats 50c extra. Those desiring same reserved will please apply at once. For further information apply to Agents or address, CHAS. H. GATTIS, Traveling Passenger Agent, RALEIGH, N. C.

LADIES Will some business young lady (stenographer preferred) matrimonial inclined, write to bachelor law student, "H. S." Care Box 104, CROLY, N. C.



### Sure Relief for Women.

Dr. 15 Central Ave.  
New Orleans, La., April 20, 1905.

Eighteen months ago I was so completely run down that my body ached from head to foot. My back seemed to break in two and I suffered intense pain in the lower abdomen. I could not afford to lay off and take a rest, and no medicine helped me any.

A friend told me how much Wine of Cardui built her up and advised me by all means to take it. Thad day I took the first dose the recovery of my health began. It was nearly three months before I was entirely cured, but as the first dose the recovery of my health began. It was nearly three months before I was entirely cured, but as the first dose the recovery of my health began. It was nearly three months before I was entirely cured, but as the first dose the recovery of my health began.

Anna Nelson  
ORATOR, WEDNESDAY CHAUTAUQUE CLUB.

### WINE OF CARDUI

Mrs. Nelson describes the condition of thousands of women. That condition comes by slow stages. Usually the important function of menstruation is at first slightly irregular. Then comes the painful periods. Bearing-down pains and ovarian inflammation follow. Finally the nervous system gives way and the whole system has become affected and the pains rack the body from head to foot.

Wine of Cardui is a menstrual regulator of established reputation. No woman who takes it suffers as Mrs. Nelson suffered. It gives speedy and complete relief from the torturing menstrual agonies which are making so many women invalids today. Do not let yourself come to the pitiable condition Mrs. Nelson describes.

Secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist today and begin treatment immediately.

### We Risk It

Druggists Who Sell Dr. Miles' Nervine Agree, If It Fails, To Refund Cost.

Of course we reimburse the druggist. You know him, and trust him. Dr. Miles' Nervine is medicine for your nerves.

It cures diseases of the internal organs, by giving tone to the nerves which make these organs work.

It is a novel theory—not of anatomy, but of treatment; first discovered by Dr. Miles, and since made use of by many wide-awake physicians, who appreciate its value in treating the sick.

If you are sick, we offer you a way to be made well—Dr. Miles' Nervine.

This medicine is a scientific cure for nerve disorders, such as Neuritis, Headache, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Stomach Trouble, Backache, St. Vitus' Dance, Epilepsy or Fits, Nervous Prostration, etc.

By toning up the nerves, Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine will also cure these diseases of the internal organs due to a disordered nervous system.

Some of these are: Indigestion, Bile Headache, Kidney Trouble, Chronic Constipation, Dropsy, Catarrh, Rheumatism, etc.

Another bad nervous prostration, and was not expected to live. I prevailed upon him to try Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and now he has fully recovered. You remember I wrote you how it saved my life a few years ago, when I had nervous trouble. I preach this merit to everyone." REV. D. M. WELLS, Correctionville, Iowa.

FREE Write us and we will mail you a Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, the New Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symptom Blank for our Specialist to diagnose your case and tell you what is wrong and how to right it. Absolutely Free. Address: DR. MILES' MEDICAL LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

### "Rock of Ages."

Writing of the famous hymn "Rock of Ages," in the July De- lineator, Allan Sutherland says, "When the hymn was written is not known, but we may be sure that it was nothing less than the voice of the Almighty that inspired the author to write words of such soul-stirring power. The hymn first appeared, in an unfinished form, in the Gospel Magazine of October, 1775, and more fully the succeeding year in the March number of the same periodical. This grand Christian song has had an enormous influence for good on humanity, and has been a favorite with many great persons. When Prince Albert, the husband of Queen Victoria, lay dying in Windsor Castle, almost his last words were, 'I have had wealth, power and fame, but if these were all that I had had, what would I have now?' And then he was heard repeating softly and reverently, 'Rock of Ages, cleft for me, Let me hide myself in Thee.'

Gladstone translated it into Italian, Greek and Latin, but not all translations have been as happy as his. A missionary in India writes that he employed a Hindoo scholar to assist him in translating 'Rock of Ages' into the vernacular. His surprise may be imagined when he read, as the result of the effort of the learned Oriental, the first two lines: 'Very old stone, split for my benefit, Let me get under one of your fragments.'

### A BAD SCARE.

Some day you will get a bad scare, when you feel a pain in your bowels, and fear appendicitis. Safety lies in Dr. King's New Life Pills, a sure cure, for all bowels and stomach diseases, such as headache, biliousness, costiveness, etc. Guaranteed by all Druggists, only 25c. Try Them.

### WEEK-END AND SUNDAY EXCURSION RATES.

The Seaboard announces commencing June 1st. They will sell week end tickets from all points to Mountain resorts in Western North Carolina, including Lincolnton, Shelby, Rutherfordton, Hickory, Lenoir, Blowing Rock and Chimney Rock.

From all points in North Carolina tickets will be sold for all trains Saturday and for Sunday forenoon trains, good returning Monday following date of sale, except tickets to Blowing Rock and Chimney Rock, which will be sold for Friday and Saturday trains, good returning up to and including Tuesday following date of sale.

Tickets from Wilmington, N. C., to Cliffs, Hickory, Lenoir and Lincolnton will be sold Friday and Saturday good returning following Monday.

Tickets will be withdrawn from sale after Sunday September 10th. For rates and time-tables apply to agent or

CHAS. H. GATTIS, Traveling Passenger Agent, RALEIGH, N. C.

### EXCURSION RATES TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Seaboard announces account of Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition and other occasions to be held on the Pacific Coast, season 1905. They will sell round trip tickets at following rates to Portland, Oregon, and return, going via any regular direct route and returning via that or any other regular direct route, \$71.50; going via San Francisco and Los Angeles \$82.50. These tickets will be sold practically every day until September 30th and bear final return limit of ninety days from date of sale, and will permit of stop-over at and west of Colorado common points, Cheyenne, Trinidad, Fort Worth, San Antonio and west of St. Paul and Chicago.

For further information as to schedules and rates to the Pacific Coast and Clark Exposition, apply to Agents, or

CHAS. H. GATTIS, Traveling Passenger Agent, RALEIGH, N. C.



### Whiting Bros.

RALEIGH, N. C.

HEADQUARTERS FOR MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING, Shoes, Trunks, Hats and Furnishing Goods, 10 East Martin Street. OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT. CALL AND SEE US.

### FOR SALE

A GOOD HOME FOR YOUR FEET AT \$1.75 PER FOOT ALL KINDS AND SIZES

### PERRY & ROSENTHAL

NOTHING BUT SHOES

### Farming For PROFIT

There is nothing too good for the Farmer; there is nothing too good for the Farm. Good barns, good houses, good wells, good fences, good stock, all on good land, under good management assure good profits. The good applies throughout. It must apply throughout, or it will not apply to profits.

Nowhere is discrimination more necessary than in the selection of fences. The farm must be fenced. Hence, select the best fence, the ELLWOOD FENCE.

The Ellwood is built like a bridge—braced, supported, tied; no stronger or more substantial structure possible. Ellwood fences will hold your hogs, cattle, horses, and poultry. Ellwood Fence has always been popular. It answers all purposes and never disappoints.

We have Ellwood Fences for sale, and at prices that will suit you. Come and see us—we have a bargain for you.

Yours Truly,

### Hart-Ward Hardware Company,

RALEIGH, N. C.

### Seaboard Air Line Ry.

MEETING ELKS BUFFALO, N. Y. IN JULY.

The Seaboard announces if there are a sufficient number to justify it they will arrange to operate a special Pullman Sleeping Car to run from Raleigh through to Buffalo to accommodate the Elks from Wilmington, Charlotte, Durham and Raleigh, to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge which will be held in Buffalo, July 10-15.

Rate from Raleigh, all rail, round trip \$20.50, via Norfolk and Bay Line \$19.45, Wilmington, all rail, \$23.50, Durham, all rail, \$20.20, Charlotte, all rail, \$23.95. Bay Line from Wilmington \$21.65, Durham \$19.45; Charlotte \$23.95. Tickets will be sold July 8-9 and 10, with final limit to leave Buffalo, July 15, but tickets can be extended until August 4, upon payment of fee of \$1.00.

Pullman rates from Raleigh to Buffalo \$4.50, Durham \$4.40, Charlotte \$5.00 and Wilmington \$5.00. Those desiring to attend will please notify the undersigned, so that it can be determined if sufficient number will go to justify operation of special Pullman.

CHAS. H. GATTIS, Traveling Passenger Agent, RALEIGH, N. C.

### Three times the Value of Any Other.

One Third Easier. One Third Faster.

The only Sewing Machine that does not fail in any point. Rotary Motion and Ball Bearings make it the lightest running machine in the world. Agents wanted in unoccupied territory. Send for circulars and terms. Wheeler & Wilson Mfg. Co. Atlanta, Ga.



### The Seaboard Air Line Railway

ANNOUNCES THE INAUGURATION OF THE SHOO-FLY TRAIN Between Weldon and Raleigh

WITH CONNECTIONS FROM OXFORD, LOUISBURG AND WARRENTON, COMMENCING MONDAY, JANUARY 9TH.

The Seaboard Airline takes great pleasure in announcing the inauguration of the Shoo-Fly train between Weldon and Raleigh, making


No. 29.		No. 30.	
Leaves Weldon	6:45 a. m.	Leaves Raleigh	5:00 p. m.
Arrives Norfolk	8:00 a. m.	Arrives Franklinton	6:03 p. m.
Leaves Norfolk	8:20 a. m.	Arrives Henderson	6:29 p. m.
Arrives Henderson	8:53 a. m.	Arrives Norfolk	6:55 p. m.
Arrives Franklinton	9:25 a. m.	Leaves Norfolk	7:15 p. m.
Arrives Raleigh	10:15 a. m.	Arrives Weldon	8:30 p. m.

No. 29.		No. 30.	
Lv. Oxford	7:45 a. m.	Lv. Henderson	9:00 a. m. 6:40 p. m.
Ar. Henderson	8:30 a. m.	Ar. Oxford	9:45 a. m. 7:25 p. m.
Lv. Louisburg	8:50 a. m.	Lv. Franklinton	6:10 p. m.
Ar. Franklinton	9:25 a. m.	Ar. Louisburg	6:35 p. m.

The above schedules on the branch lines will in no way affect the present connections with regular No. 33 and 41. For further information in regard to schedule apply to

C. H. GATTIS, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

C. B. RYAN, G. P. A., Portsmouth, Va.



### Potash

Potash as Necessary as Rain

The quality and quantity of the crops depend on a sufficiency of Potash

In the soil. Fertilizers which are low in Potash will never produce satisfactory results.

Every farmer should be familiar with the proper proportion of ingredients that go to make the best fertilizers for every kind of crop. We have published a periodical book containing the latest researches on this important subject, which we will send free if you ask. Write now while you think of it to

GERMAN KALI WORKS  
New York—25 Nassau Street, or  
Atlanta, Ga.—227 South Broad Street.

### Seaboard Air Line Ry.

SPECIAL RATES VIA SEABOARD.

The Seaboard announces they will sell reduced rates round trip tickets to the following points, account special occasions.

Richmond, Va., Farmers National Congress, September 12-22.

Monteagle, Tennessee—Summer School, June 20th—July 25th.

Tuscaloosa, Ala.—Summer School for Teachers, June 16—July 25th.

Nashville, Tenn.—Fosterbody Summer School, Vanderbilt Biblical Institute, June 14th—August 9th.

Monteagle, Tennessee—Woman's Congress, August 1-15.

Monteagle, Tenn.—S. S. Institute, July 17—August 5th.

Oxford, Miss.—Summer School University of Miss., June 14th—July 26th.

Athens, Ga.—Summer School, June 27th—July 28th.

Baltimore, Md.—United Society Christian Endeavor, Inter-national Convention, July 5th—10th.

Asheville, N. C.—Conference of Young People's Missionary Association, June 5th—July 2nd.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Annual Meeting Grand Lodge B. P. O. E., July 11th—15th.

Denver, Col.—International Epworth League Convention, July 5th 9th. Rate from Raleigh \$12.75, Wilmington \$42.75, Charlotte \$41.25.

Davidson College, N. C.—Piedmont Summer School, July, 1905.

Asbury Park, N. J.—National Educational Association, July 3rd 7th. Rate from Raleigh \$18.15, via New York \$21.50, Wilmington \$21.15, via New York \$24.00, Charlotte \$27.75, via New York \$32.10. Permits of stop-over in New York.

Greensboro, N. C.—North Carolina Teachers Assembly, August 1st—8th.

Louisville, Ky.—National Association Stationary Engineers, August 1st—8th. Rate from Raleigh \$19.70.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—Patricians Militant and Sovereign Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., September 16th—23d.

Charlottesville, Virginia—Virginia Summer School of Methods, June 27th—August 6th. Rate from Raleigh \$8.60.

For further information, address, CHAS. H. GATTIS, Traveling Passenger Agent, RALEIGH, N. C.

### SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Short Line to principal cities of the South and Southwest, Florida, Cuba, Texas, California and Mexico, also north and northwest, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Memphis and Kansas City.

Schedule effective January 8th, 1905.

Trains leaves Raleigh as follows.

No. 50, NORTHBOUND.

1:25 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all points North, Northeast and Northwest.

No. 33.

11:00 a. m. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" for ALL LOCAL points Raleigh to Portsmouth, Norfolk to Richmond; connects at Henderson for Oxford and Weldon.

with A. C. L., at Portsmouth-Norfolk with ALL STEAMERS for points North and Northeast.

No. 66.

11:50 a. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Connects at Richmond with C. & O. for Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, at Washington with Penna. B. & O. for all points.

No. 67, SOUTHBOUND.

4:15 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" for Charlotte, Atlanta, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

No. 43.

4:00 p. m. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" for Charlotte, Atlanta and all local points, connects at Atlanta for all points south and southwest.

No. 43.

7:00 p. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Southern Pines, Pinehurst, Atlanta, Columbia, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

Tickets on sale to all points, Pullman berths reserved, tickets delivered at residences from

UP-TOWN TICKET OFFICE, YARBOROUGH HOUSE BUILDING, HAMORSON, C. P. & T. A. RALEIGH, N. C.

C. H. GATTIS, T. P. A., 'Phones 117. Raleigh N. C., C. B. RYAN G. P. A. Portsmouth, Va.

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